

ECE 18-649

Final Project Report

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Group # 12

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Outline

- Project Statistics
- Controller Design, Door Control
 - Scenarios
 - Sequence Diagrams
 - Requirements
 - Statechart
 - Code
 - Testing
 - System Perspective
- Lessons Learned
- Open Issues

Project Statistics

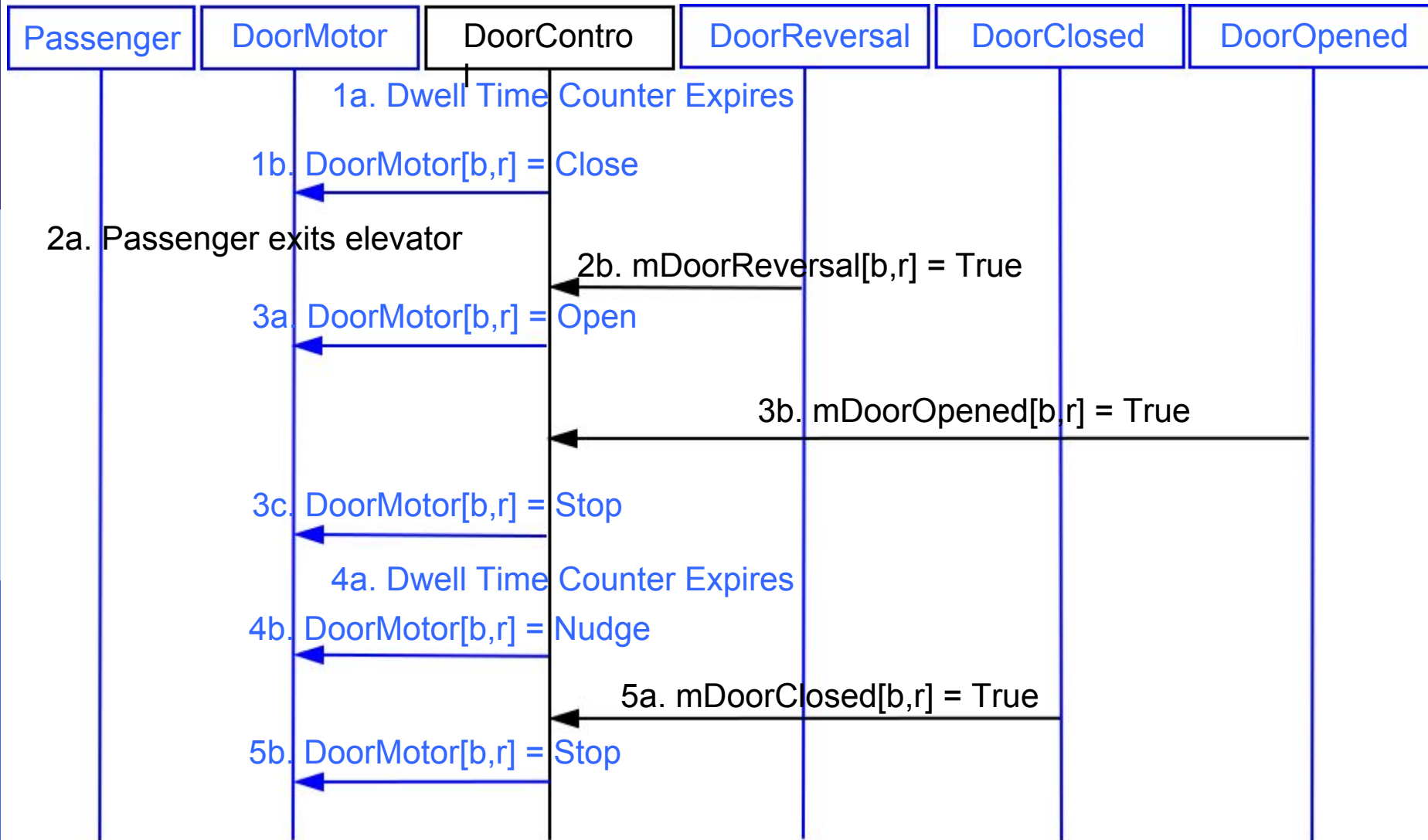
	Mid Semester	Final Project
Scenarios and SDs	18	21
Lines of Requirements	37	48
Statecharts	21 States, 26 Arcs	28 states, 45 Arcs
Lines of non-comment code	1870	3589
Test files	33	43 + 40 + more
Git Commits	612	980
Peer Reviews	60 (47 defects found)	103 (60 defects found)
Defects found via test	20 found, all fixed	35 found, all fixed

DoorControl: Scenarios and Sequence Diagrams

Most Relevant Scenarios:

- 4A: Passenger in elevator as it arrives, then exits
 - Required for doors to open at destination
- 5A/B: Passenger enters/exits elevator
 - Passenger gets in way of door
 - Required for the doors to reverse
- 7C: Elevator doors close on hallway
 - Dwell count expires and doors close
 - Hall/CarButtonControl and LanternControl lights turn off

Sequence Diagram 5B



DoorControl Design - Requirements

State Variables

- DwellTime - long integer with number of msec desired for door dwell during current cycle.
- Countdown - a countdown timer for door dwell time
- DoorHasReversed - Boolean value indicating that DoorControl has attempted to close the door but a door reversal has occurred, initialized to False

Constraints

5.1 DoorClosed[b,*] shall be True when there is no mAtFloor[f, b] that is True.

5.2 Any DoorReversal[b,*] shall not be True for more than an accumulated time of 50 msec without causing all DoorControllers[b,*] to perform an Open or Nudge command.

5.3 Doors should keep moving in desired direction unless commanded otherwise, subject to the constraints of the door object.

5.4 All doors should be commanded to identical positions at all times.

5.5 If CarWeight(x) \geq MaxCarCapacity, the doors shall open completely until the car is no longer overloaded.

DoorControl Design - Requirements (1)

Time-Triggered Requirements

5.6 If any $mAtFloor[f, b]$ is True and $mCarCall[f,b]$ is True and $mDriveSpeed$ is stop and $mDesiredFloor(b)$ is equal to b or both, then

5.6.1 $DoorMotor[b, r]$ shall be commanded to Open.

5.6.2 $CountDown$ shall be set to Dwell.

5.7 If $mDoorOpened[b, r]$ is True, then

5.7.1 $DoorMotor[b,r]$ shall be commanded to Stop.

5.7.2 $CountDown$ shall be decremented.

5.8 If $mDoorClosed[b, r]$ is True, then $DoorMotor[b,r]$ shall be commanded to Stop and $DoorHasReversed$ shall be set to False.

5.9 If $CountDown \leq 0$ and $DoorHasReversed$ is False, $DoorMotor[b, r]$ shall be commanded to Close.

DoorControl Design - Requirements (2)

Time-Triggered Requirements

5.9 If `CountDown` ≤ 0 and `DoorHasReversed` is `False`, `DoorMotor[b, r]` shall be commanded to `Close`.

5.10 If `CountDown` ≤ 0 and `DoorHasReversed` is `True`, `DoorMotor[b, r]` shall be commanded to `Nudge`.

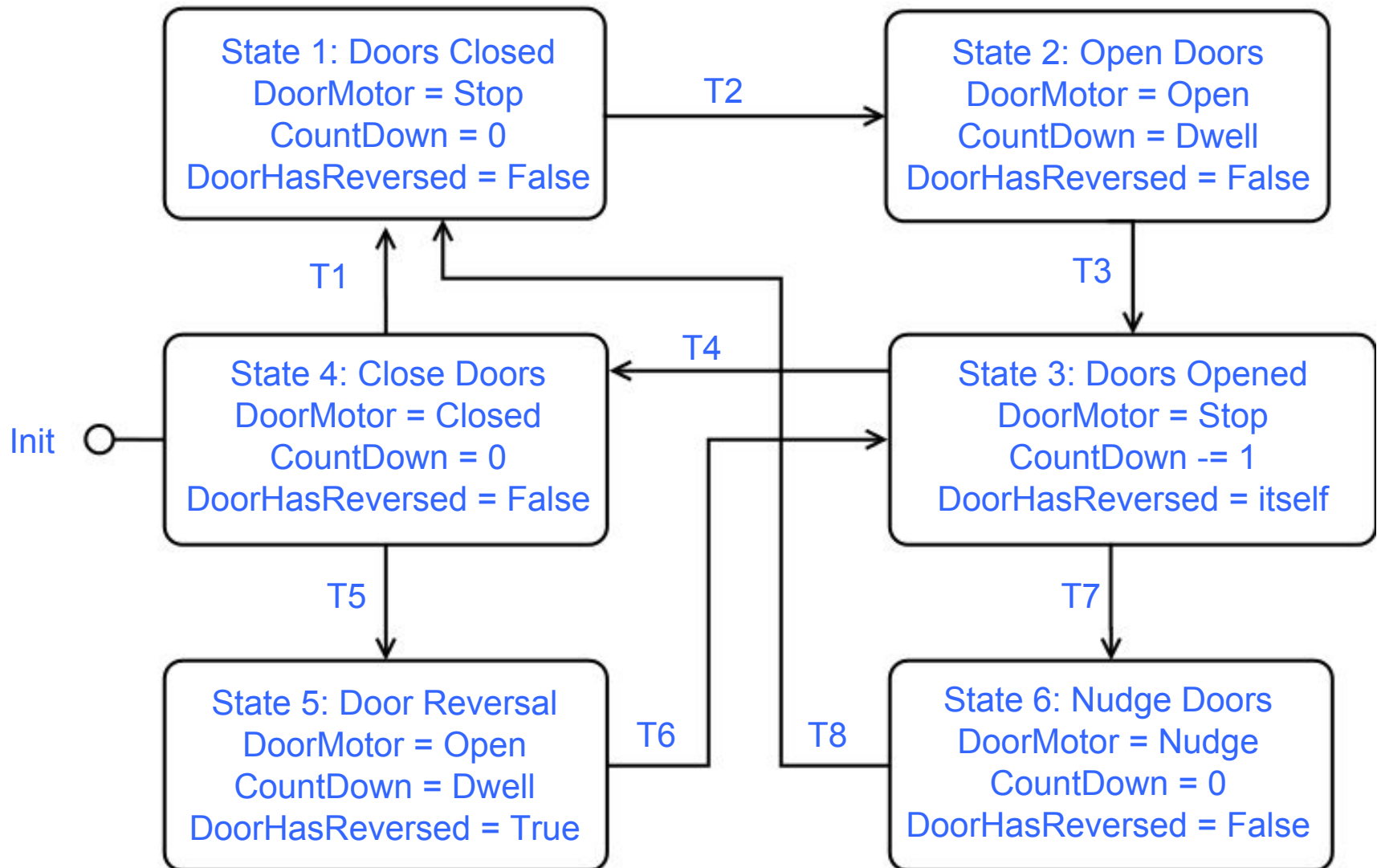
5.11 If `mDoorReversal[b, r]` is `True`, `DoorHasReversed` shall be set to `True` and `DoorMotor[b, r]` shall be commanded to `Open`.

5.12 If `mCarWeight(g)` \geq `MaxCarCapacity`, and `mDoorOpened[b, r]` is `False`, `DoorMotor[b, r]` shall be commanded to `Open`.

5.13 `Dwell` shall be set to an appropriate value based on `mDesiredDwell`.

5.14 `mDoorMotor[b, r]` shall be set to the current value of `DoorMotor[b, r]`

DoorControl Design - Statechart



For all: mDoorMotor[b,*] = DoorMotor[b,*]

Dwell = mDesiredDwell[b]

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DoorControl Design - Statechart Transitions

Transition	Condition
5.T.1	mDoorClosed[b,r] == True
5.T.2	(mAtFloor[f,b] == True AND mDesiredFloor.f == f AND (mDersiredFloor.b == b OR mDesiredFloor.b == BOTH) AND (mDriveSpeed == (0,stop))
5.T.3	mDoorOpened[b,r] == True
5.T.4	CountDown <= 0 AND DoorHasReversed == False AND mCarWeight[g] < MaxCarCapacity
5.T.5	mDoorReversal[b,r] == True OR mCarWeight[g] >= MaxCarCapacity
5.T.6	mDoorOpened[b,r] == True
5.T.7	CountDown <= 0 AND DoorHasReversed == True AND mCarWeight[g] < MaxCarCapacity
5.T.8	mDoorClosed[b,r] == True

DoorControl Implementation

- Controller Instantiation
- Mailbox and message translator setup
- timerExpired() state machine
 - Set outputs
 - Transition logic

DoorControl Testing

- 2 Unit Tests, 18 passed assertions each
 - Duplicated unit test to test transition ORs
- 10 Integration tests
 - 3B, 4A, 5A, 5B, 7A, 7B, 7C, 8A, 9A, 10A
- Acceptance tests
 - Doors initially opened twice on each floor
 - Synchronization issues / time wasted
 - Required changes to multiple other controllers
 - Timing in clearing calls and commanding doors

DoorControl Testing

- Runtime Requirement Monitors
 - R-T7: Open doors only if pending calls
 - R-T10: Only nudge doors if reversal occurred.
 - Extremely useful for testing entire system

Door Control - System Perspective

- Dispatcher has control over doors (mDF.h)
- Doors opening inhibits dispatcher changes

- Doors opening (!closed) turns off calls
- Doors opening turns on lanterns
- Doors closed allows drive to move

- Must tune dwell time for uppeak acceptance
 - Multiple reversals considered but not used

Lessons Learned

- Can be challenging to collaborate on design and architecture.
 - Everyone has their own approach
- Automating acceptance testing helped us discover bugs.
 - Writing a good script can make debugging much easier.
- Take breaks when working

Open Issues

- Heavy architecture changes to dispatcher have not been propagated through the documentation
- Still finding small edge cases

Thank you

Questions?